

DiWINEtaste

Wine Culture and Information

International Edition

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The Economy of Wine in the Time of Coronavirus

It is now many weeks *coronavirus* is the only topic everyone is talking about, it is something which has practically colonized the whole world of information, as well as the life of people in different ways and outcomes. The huge spreading of this virus has also led to the declaration of pandemic by the World Health Organization. The consequences of the spreading of this virus have forced radical changes in people's behavior with a significant impact on the economy of all countries. These are preventive measures – therefore desirable and understandable in the interest of all of us, none excluded – for the purpose of limiting the spreading of this virus, in the hope it will be *defeated* soon. The containment measures have not been simple – as, indeed, the current situation is not simple – requiring everyone, so to speak, *sacrifices* which have totally changed our lifestyles, albeit in a temporary way.

To bear the enormous weight of this condition, undeniably, is the health system of all countries and which forces the staff involved – doctors, nurses and hospital support figures – to exhausting and horrendously tiring shifts, in a terrifying *challenge* for the purpose of saving lives. In Italy – although the measure was initially ridiculed by other countries – the decision was even to “lock down the whole country”, by imposing severe, yet simple, preventive measures on the population, such as staying home with the aim of limiting the infection. This measure, certainly drastic, together with health and preventive measures adopted in Italy, are now also followed by other countries and referred to as the “Italian model”. The decision of forcing people to stay at home and not to go out, except for proven needs, inevitably involves a social and economic disruption. In short, very heavy damage for the whole country in every area of social, productive and economic life.

The ban on leaving the house and, not least, avoiding gather-

ings of people, inevitably leads to the shut down of those commercial and productive activities which are based, in fact, on people's social and recreational behavior. These measures have in fact forced the shutting down of cinemas, theaters, restaurants, wine bars, bars and most of the commercial activities considered as “non-essential”. The economic consequences are frighteningly huge and, of course, the effects caused by these measures will continue even when this emergency is over. The shutting down of a specific commercial or production activity has a direct impact on all the others which depends on it: a virtually endless chain involving everyone. The economic consequences are – and will be – enormous, something affecting everyone, no one excluded, including (and perhaps above all) those who believe the economy to be a negative, even worse, deleterious, expression of society.

The health of people undeniably comes first and before of everything else, it is a collective value for the benefit of all. The lack of the good state of health of a society evidently does not allow the development or well-being, of any kind, including the economic one, of the whole country. In this regard, being Italian, I am certainly proud of the health system of my country, capable of ensuring and guaranteeing anyone the possibility of being treated and assisted, regardless of their social or economic condition. It is, without a shadow of a doubt, a magnificent, supreme and undeniable sign of civilization. All this, of course, has a cost and its sustainability also depends on the economic health of the country. Forcing the population to stay at home means limiting both productivity and consumption, consequences affecting all the productive and economic sectors of the country, including wine. A shut down restaurant, for example, does not sell wine and therefore those who produce it, that is wineries, do not sell it either.

The world of wine, however, is not only that of sales, although it is – evidently – the goal of every producer. In fact, it also in-

DiWINEtaste OnLine

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cludes events, fairs, tourism and, of course, customers who buy wine, such as restaurants, wine shops and bars. The current condition has already forced the organizers of event and fairs dedicated to wine to cancel or postpone the dates. Tourism, not only the one about food and wine, is, in this period, practically non-existent, wineries have seen a drastic decrease in orders, sales have collapsed. All this introduces significant and important economic critical issues, certainly not trivial, the results of them, probably, will continue even after 2020. Every business and production activity, understandably, are trying to adopt measures in order to limit – as far as possible – the damage caused by the economic loss, therefore by the lower profit and the inevitable maintenance of costs.

Apparently, many wineries are trying to limit the effects of the drop in sales of this period by directly targeting private customers, especially through e-commerce. In terms of quantity and volume, it is certainly not like selling to restaurants and wine bars, however – so to speak – it is of course better than nothing. As if this was not enough, wineries are also facing a sharp and significant drop in export sales, a frequently fundamental share in the balance of many Italian producers. These definitely are difficult times which consequences, too easy to predict, will have a substantial effect for a long time. Indeed, it is difficult to predict now the real extent of both losses and the possibility of recovery, by also considering the production and trade of wine represent an important part of the Italian economy.

Because if it is true the effects of this pandemic are already tangible and devastating at this time, the consequences on a social and economic level will only be determinable in a still uncertain future, not only for the world of wine. Here in Italy we keep on telling ourselves “everything will be all right”. I also believe everything will be all right, especially for the fact it must be and will be all right, although I am also convinced the price to pay – in human, health, social, economic and productive terms – will be enormous. In the end, when everything will just be a bad memory – that we must however not forget – we will get up on our feet and resume our journey while looking ahead. We owe it to ourselves and to those who are personally committed in doing everything possible to overcome this difficult period – especially in hospitals – for the good, health and interest of all of us, none

excluded. We owe it, in particular, to our Country, to all those who will no longer be with us and that we have lost because of this pandemic. That day, our toast, with our wine and by raising high the glass, will also be, and above all, for them.

Antonello Biancalana

WINE TASTING

Contrasts of Monica di Sardegna and Bardolino Superiore

This month we are pouring in our glasses two red wines, produced in distant territories and with different grapes both in wine making and sensorial terms

Sardinia is an enological treasure chest of extraordinary value. Veneto – of course – is no less as the wealth of grapes and wines found in this region is among the most significant ones in Italian enology. Two regions and territories that are in any case very different and, from a wine making and viticultural point of view, express very distant cultures and traditions. The diversity, in both cases, is also strongly expressed within their respective territories, with a wealth of grapes, often found in very small areas, something occurring, in a particular, in Sardinia. One could say – using a metaphor that, in this case seems to be appropriate – the wine scene of Sardinia and Veneto is in continuous *ferment*, given the wealth of very different styles of wines. Of course, this is the result determined not only by the respective enological cultures but, in particular, by the richness and peculiarities of environment and climate.

Both regions are also rich in indigenous varieties and have created very deep and unrepeatable ties with their respective territories. This is what happened with the grapes used for the wines of this month’s tasting by contrast, Monica di Sardegna and Bardolino Superiore. The Sardinian wine is produced with the grape of the same name and is considered among the oldest varieties present in the island. Bardolino Superiore, a wine from Veneto with a *Denominazione d’Origine Controllata e Garantita* (Denomination of Controlled and Guaranteed Origin, DOCG), is made of Corvina, Rondinella and Molinara, indigenous varieties that are also used in the nearby Valpolicella area. For completeness, in Bardolino Superiore – just like Valpolicella – is also provided for the the use of Corvinone, also in this case, an autochthonous variety of Veneto. In both cases, these are wines having a strong territorial identity and that well represents the culture and enological tradition of the respective regions.

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Antonello Biancalana

Address

WEB: www.DiWineTaste.com E-Mail: Editorial@DiWineTaste.com

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Monica di Sardegna

Monica di Sardegna is recognized – according to the Italian wine quality system – as a DOC *Denominazione d’Origine Controllata* wine (Denomination of Controlled Origin). The production of this wine is allowed in the whole territory of Sardinia. As it usually happens in many other DOCs in Italy, Monica must be used for a minimum of 85% and the remaining part can be made up of non-aromatic red berried grapes allowed in Sardinia. Monica – the grape with which is made this interesting wine – is considered among the oldest native varieties of Sardinia, which origins are controversial and uncertain. This ancient red berried variety is present in all the provinces of Sardinia and takes part in the production of many red wines of the island both alone and blended to other grapes. Monica is also present in the composition of some DOC wines of the region, such as Mandrolisai and the DOC reserved for Cagliari, the capital of the island.

The origins of Monica are unclear and all agree in the fact it is supposed to have been introduced to the island many centuries ago. Some support the idea Monica was introduced to Sardinia by Camaldolese monks, who were using it for the production of wine to be used in the celebration of liturgies. According to others, the grape is supposed to have been introduced in 1600s by the Aragonese and known by the name of *Morillo* – or *Uva Mora* – because of the dark color of the berries. It is supposed, in fact, that today’s name derives from the linguistic corruption of these terms and that have been adapted with time in Italian to *Monica*. This Sardinian variety makes wines of sure enological interest, having a good versatility which can be used both for table red wines and for sparkling ones, including sweet and fortified wines. The wines produced with Monica grape are characterized by an average structure and low acidity, qualities emphasized by producers – in general – who make wines destined to an immediate consumption. It should however be noted Monica has a good potential to evolve with time, especially in case it is aged in cask.

Bardolino Superiore

The wines of Bardolino – a town on the shores of Lake Garda – are among the best known in Veneto and the province of Verona. The wines of this territory are also produced in the hinterland of the province of Verona, so much so as to define *sub-areas* and which strongly distinguish the wines of Bardolino denomination. In this regard, it should be said in this territory are defined two denominations – Bardolino and Bardolino Superiore – the former recognized as a *Denominazione d’Origine Controllata* (Denomination of Controlled Origin, DOC) the latter with the higher “Guaranteed” rank (DOCG). The grapes making up Bardolino Superiore are practically the same as for the wines of the nearby Valpolicella, that is Corvina, Rondinella and Molinara. To these grapes can also be added – for a maximum of 20% – non-aromatic red berried varieties allowed for cultivation in the province of Verona. Specifically, and according to the production disciplinary, Bardolino Superiore is made up of 35-80%

of Corvina, 10-40% of Rondinella and a maximum of 15% of Molinara. As for Corvina, 20% of its share can be replaced by Corvinone.

Bardolino wines are historically characterized by their finesse and immediacy, medium body and are usually intended for immediate consumption. The exception to this style is represented by the wines belonging to the “Superiore” denomination, which are characterized both by a fuller and more robust body, and by the potential of aging for longer times, also thanks to the use of wooden barrels and to the vocation of particular areas. Bardolino wines have a long history and tradition, and were among the first ones in Veneto to reach the DOC rank, in particular, Bardolino Superiore has been the first red wine of Veneto to reach DOCG status in 2001. In regard of the “light and immediate” style of Bardolino wines, it is supposed to come from the enological tradition of the ancient Celtic people, who were used to make light and thirst-quenching wines. A style which is still common today and in general terms in Bardolino DOC wines, while those belonging to Bardolino Superiore DOCG denomination are usually distinguished by a more robust structure, frequently accentuated by the use of the cask, both for fermentation and for aging.

The Tasting

Before pouring the wines of this month’s tasting by contrast into the glasses, we proceed with the choice of the two bottles we will examine. In this regard, it should be noted that – in general terms – Bardolino Superiore is aged in part or completely in cask and, often, in barrique. This enological characteristic will influence the choice of Monica di Sardegna, as, also in this case, we will choose a wine aged in the same type of container. Moreover, we will pay attention to the composition of the two wines as, in both cases, and as often happens for *Denominazione d’Origine Controllata* DOC wines, it is allowed the use of different grapes. As for Monica di Sardegna, we will make sure the wine is produced with this grape alone and, as already mentioned, aged in cask. As for Bardolino Superiore, we will choose a bottle pro-



The color of Monica di Sardegna

duced with Corvina, Rondinella and Molinara, also in this case aged in cask. The two wines belong to the most recent vintage and are poured into tasting glasses at a temperature of 18 °C. (65 °F)

Let's pour the two wines into their respective glasses and start our tasting by contrast. The first wine we will examine is Monica di Sardegna, therefore, by tilting the glass over a white surface, we proceed with the evaluation of its appearance, that is color and transparency. We observe the base of the glass in which we can see a bright ruby red color and, by placing an object between the glass and the white surface, we observe a moderate transparency. Let's now look at the edge of the wine towards the opening of the glass in order to evaluate the nuance: Monica di Sardegna confirms the ruby red color, sometimes characterized by purple notes. Let's now pass to the evaluation of the appearance of Bardolino Superiore by tilting its glass, just like the previous wine, over the white surface. The color of the wine from Veneto – observed at the base – reveals an intense ruby red hue and a moderate transparency, not much different from the Sardinian wine. The nuance of Bardolino Superiore, observed towards the opening of the glass, is characterized by a ruby red color, sometimes tending to garnet.

The olfactory profiles of Monica di Sardegna and Bardolino Superiore offer the nose of the taster rather different and distant sensations. We must, in fact, consider the wine from Veneto is the result of the blending of different varieties and, therefore, each of them contributes to the overall profile with its own specific qualities. To the nose, Monica di Sardegna expresses aromas of wild berries and with a red pulp, as well as sensations reminiscent of flowers. The fruit aromas of this grape directly express cherry, strawberry, raspberry and blackberry, while in those representing the world of flowers can be recognized violet and cyclamen. The olfactory profile of Bardolino Superiore is characterized, so to speak, by aromas which mainly recall fruits with a dark pulp, such as black cherry, blackberry and plum, often followed by strawberry and raspberry. As for floral sensations, in Bardolino Superiore are frequently perceived violet and rose.

Let's resume the tasting by contrast of this month with the evaluation of the olfactory profiles of Monica di Sardegna and Bardolino Superiore. Just like in the previous examination, the first wine we evaluate is the one from Sardinia. By holding the glass in a vertical position and, without swirling, we proceed with the first smell which will allow the evaluation of the opening of the wine, that is, the identifying olfactory qualities. From the glass we perceive intense and clean aromas reminiscent of cherry, strawberry and raspberry followed by sensations of flowers in which we can recognize both violet and cyclamen. Let's now proceed with the swirling of the glass – an operation favoring oxygenation, therefore the development of the remaining olfactory qualities – and do the second smell. The olfactory profile of Monica di Sardegna is completed with aromas of plum and blackberry, in addition to the tertiary qualities typical of the aging in wood, such as vanilla, chocolate and tobacco. Let's now pass to the evaluation of Bardolino Superiore and evaluate its opening. From the glass we perceive intense and clean aromas of

black cherry, plum and blackberry followed by floral sensations of violet. After having swirled the glass, the profile of the wine from Veneto is completed with strawberry, raspberry and rose, also in this case accompanied by the tertiary sensations typical of the aging in cask.

The sensorial differences of the two wines are also expressed in the gustatory analysis. Let's proceed with the evaluation of the attack of Monica di Sardegna, that is the initial sensations the wine offers to the taste after the first sip. The Sardinian wine is immediately appreciated for its good structure which is combined with sensations of acidity and a moderate astringency. It can also be perceived the pleasing roundness given by the aging in cask and which is usually not intrusive while allowing the expression of Monica's *fruity* character. In the mouth it is perceived, clean and intense, the flavors of cherry, strawberry and raspberry, confirming the good correspondence to the nose. Let's move on to the evaluation of the gustatory profile of Bardolino Superiore, starting with the evaluation of its attack, let's take a sip of the wine from Veneto: in the mouth we perceive a good structure and, also in this case, the sensations of acidity and astringency are moderate. Compared to the Sardinian wine, Bardolino Superiore expresses a more intense roundness, a quality mainly given by Corvina, in addition to the aging in wood. In the mouth we perceive the flavors of black cherry, plum and blackberry, confirming – also in this case – the good correspondence to the nose.

Let's finish the tasting by contrast of this month with the evaluation of the final sensations the wines leave in the mouth after swallowing, in particular the taste-olfactory persistence, one of the most important factors for the definition of quality. The finish of Monica di Sardegna is persistent in which can be perceived the flavors of cherry, raspberry, strawberry and plum, in addition to the moderate astringency and acidity, however balanced by the roundness and effect of alcohol. The finish of Bardolino Superiore is persistent and, also in this case, we continue perceiving in the mouth the flavors of black cherry, blackberry and plum. The final sensations of the wine from Veneto are also completed with the pleasing roundness – decidedly more accentuated than in the Sardinian wine – which is combined with the effect of alcohol. Let's now carry out the last comparative evaluation of the two wines, Monica di Sardegna first, then Bardolino Superiore: the differences are evident both in the olfactory and in the gustatory profile.



Wines of the Month

Score legend

- ◇ Fair – ◇◇ Pretty Good – ◇◇◇ Good
- ◇◇◇◇ Very Good – ◇◇◇◇◇ Excellent
- ★ Wine that excels in its category
- 🍷 Good value wine

Prices are to be considered as indicative. Prices may vary according to the country or the shop where wines are bought



Versy in Rose 2018
Tenuta Montecchiesi (Tuscany, Italy)

🍷 Syrah, Vermentino

Price: € 28.00

Score ◇◇◇◇

- 👁 Brilliant pale pink and nuances of pale pink, very transparent.
- 👃 Intense, clean, pleasing and refined, starts with hints of cherry, raspberry and cyclamen followed by aromas of apple, pink grapefruit, peach, melon, plum, vanilla and mineral.
- 👄 Crisp attack and however balanced by alcohol, good body, intense flavors, agreeable.
- 🍷 Persistent finish with flavors of cherry, raspberry and pink grapefruit.
- 📅 8 months in cask.
- 🍴 *Pasta and risotto with fish, Broiled fish, Sauteed white meat, Fried fish*



Cortona Syrah Klanis 2015
Tenuta Montecchiesi (Tuscany, Italy)

🍷 Syrah

Price: € 28.00

Score ◇◇◇◇

- 👁 Intense ruby red and nuances of ruby red, little transparency.
- 👃 Intense, clean, pleasing and refined, starts with hints of black currant, plum and black cherry followed by aromas of dried violet, blueberry, blackberry, cocoa, tobacco, vanilla and eucalyptus.
- 👄 Properly tannic attack and however balanced by alcohol, good body, intense flavors, agreeable.
- 🍷 Persistent finish with flavors of black currant, plum and black cherry.
- 📅 16 months in cask, 10 months in bottle.
- 🍴 *Broiled meat and barbecue, Stewed meat with mushrooms, Roasted meat, Cheese*







Valpolicella Ripasso Superiore 2016
Dal Cero (Veneto, Italy)

🍷 Corvina, Rondinella, Molinara

Price: € 22.00


Score ◇◇◇◇

- 👁 Brilliant ruby red and nuances of garnet red, little transparency.
- 👃 Intense, clean, pleasing and refined, starts with hints of blackberry, plum and dried violet followed by aromas of black cherry, blueberry, chocolate, tobacco, thyme, vanilla and menthol.

-  Properly tannic attack and however balanced by alcohol, good body, intense flavors, pleasing roundness.
-  Persistent finish with flavors of plum, blackberry and black cherry.
-  12 months in cask.
-  *Roasted meat, Stewed and braised meat, Broiled meat and barbecue, Cheese*









**Amarone della Valpolicella 2013
Dal Cero (Veneto, Italy)**

 Corvina, Rondinella, Molinara


Price: € 50.00

Score  ★

-  Intense ruby red and nuances of garnet red, little transparency.
-  Intense, clean, pleasing, refined and elegant, starts with hints of blackberry, plum and dried violet followed by aromas of black cherry, blueberry, cocoa, tobacco, mace, cinnamon, leather, licorice, vanilla and menthol.
-  Properly tannic attack and however balanced by alcohol, full body, intense flavors, pleasing roundness.
-  Persistent finish with flavors of plum, blackberry and black cherry.
-  4 years in cask.
-  *Game, Braised and stewed meat, Roasted meat, Hard cheese*









**Sicilia Rosso Mandrarossa Carthago 2017
Cantine Settesoli (Sicily, Italy)**

 Nero d'Avola


Price: € 18.00

Score 

-  Intense ruby red and nuances of ruby red, little transparency.
-  Intense, clean, pleasing and refined, starts with hints of plum, blackberry and black cherry followed by aromas of dried violet, blueberry, tobacco, carob, mace, vanilla and menthol.
-  Properly tannic attack and however balanced by alcohol, good body, intense flavors, agreeable.
-  Persistent finish with flavors of plum, blackberry and black cherry.
-  12 months in barrique, 4 months in bottle.
-  *Roasted meat, Braised and stewed meat with mushrooms, Hard cheese*





**Sicilia Rosso Mandrarossa Terre del Sommacco 2016
Cantine Settesoli (Sicily, Italy)**


 Nero d'Avola


Price: € 19.00


Score  ★


-  Brilliant ruby red and nuances of ruby red, little transparency.
-  Intense, clean, pleasing, refined and elegant, starts with hints of plum, blackberry and black cherry followed by aromas

of dried violet, blueberry, carob, tobacco, chocolate, tamarind, mace, vanilla and menthol.

 Properly tannic attack and however balanced by alcohol, good body, intense flavors, agreeable.


 Persistent finish with flavors of plum, blackberry and black cherry.

 8 months in steel and cement tanks, 19 months in cask, 8 months in bottle.

 *Roasted meat, Broiled meat and barbecue, Stewed meat with mushrooms, Cheese*





**Amarone della Valpolicella Telos 2015
Tenuta Sant'Antonio (Veneto, Italy)**


 Corvina (70%), Rondinella (20%), Croatina (5%), Oseleta (5%)


Price: € 34.90

Score                          


 Intense ruby red and nuances of garnet red, little transparency.

 Intense, clean, pleasing, refined and elegant, starts with hints of plum, blackberry and dried violet followed by aromas of black cherry, blueberry, carob, tobacco, cocoa, tamarind, coffee, licorice, vanilla and menthol.

 Properly tannic attack and however balanced by alcohol, full body, intense flavors, pleasing roundness.


 Persistent finish with flavors of plum, blackberry and black cherry.

 16 months in cask.

 *Game, Roasted meat, Stewed and braised meat, Hard cheese*





**Amarone della Valpolicella Campo dei Gigli 2015
Tenuta Sant'Antonio (Veneto, Italy)**


 Corvina, Corvinone (70%), Rondinella (20%), Croatina (5%), Oseleta (5%)


Price: € 51.70


Score                                              


 Intense ruby red and nuances of garnet red, little transparency.

 Intense, clean, pleasing, refined and elegant, starts with hints of plum, blackberry and dried violet followed by aromas of black cherry, blueberry, walnut husk, chocolate, tobacco, carob, cinnamon, licorice, leather, mace, vanilla and menthol.

 Tannic attack and however balanced by alcohol, full body, intense flavors, pleasing roundness.

 Very persistent finish with long flavors of plum, blackberry and black cherry.

 3 years in cask.

 *Game, Roasted meat, Braised and stewed meat, Hard cheese*





**Rosso Piceno Utopia 2015
Montecappone (Marches, Italy)**


 Montepulciano


Price: € 25.00


Score                                              


 Deep ruby red and nuances of ruby red, little transparency.

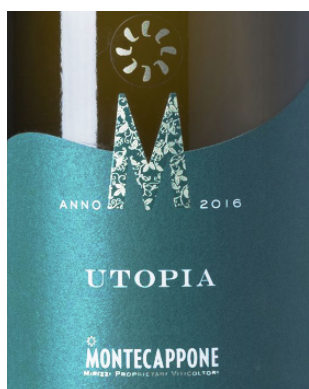
 Intense, clean, pleasing, refined and elegant, starts with hints of plum, blueberry and black cherry followed by aromas of dried violet, blackberry, cocoa, tobacco, cinnamon, leather, licorice, vanilla and eucalyptus.

 Properly tannic attack and however balanced by alcohol, good body, intense flavors, agreeable.

 Persistent finish with flavors of plum, blueberry and black cherry.

 18 months in barrique, 6 months in bottle.

 *Roasted meat, Broiled meat and barbecue, Stewed meat with mushrooms, Cheese*





**Castelli di Jesi Verdicchio Riserva Classico Superiore
Utopia 2016
Montecapone (Marches, Italy)**


 Verdicchio


Price: € 20.00


Score 


 Brilliant straw yellow and nuances of straw yellow, very transparent.

 Intense, clean, pleasing, refined and elegant, starts with hints of apple, plum and citron followed by aromas of pear, hawthorn, peach, pineapple, broom, medlar, jasmine, linden, saffron, thyme, anise and almond.

 Crisp attack and however balanced by alcohol, good body, intense flavors, agreeable.

 Very persistent finish with long flavors of apple, plum and citron.

 9 months in steel tanks.

 *Pasta with fish, Sauteed white meat, Stewed fish, Fried fish, Cheese*

EVENTS

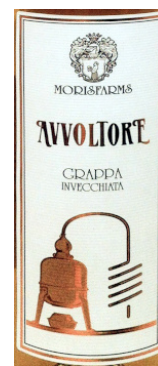
News

In this column are published news and information about events concerning the world of wine and food. Whoever is interested in publishing this kind of information can send us a mail to the address Events@DiWineTaste.com.


NOT JUST WINE

Aquavitae

Review of Grappa, Distillates and Brandy





**Grappa Invecchiata di Avvoltoire
Moris Farms (Tuscany)
(Distiller: Distillerie Nannoni)**


 Pomace of Sangiovese, Cabernet Sauvignon, Syrah


Price: € 31.50 - 50cl


Score 

 Pale amber yellow, crystalline.

 Intense, clean, pleasing and refined with aromas of prune, black cherry, hazelnut, chocolate, vanilla and dried violet with almost imperceptible alcohol pungency.

 Intense flavors with perceptible alcohol pungency which tends to dissolve rapidly, pleasing roundness, balanced sweetness.

 Persistent finish with flavors of prune, chocolate and hazelnut.

 12 months in barrique.

Wine Guide Parade

January 2020

The best 15 wines reviewed in our Guide and voted by DiWine-Taste readers

Rank	Wine, Producer	Votes
1	Contrario 2015, Antonelli San Marco	11223
2	Solco 2018, Paltrinieri	10173
3	Brunello di Montalcino 2014, Citille di Sopra	9820
4	Montefalco Rosso 2016, Antonelli San Marco	9695
5	Collio Pinot Bianco 2018, Russiz Superiore	9383
6	Rosso di Montalcino 2016, Citille di Sopra	9229
7	Montefalco Bianco Sperella 2018, Tenuta Bellafonte	8807
8	Montefalco Rosso Riserva 2015, Antonelli San Marco	8782
9	Brunello di Montalcino 2014, Camigliano	8744
10	Poderuccio 2018, Camigliano	8739
11	Collio Pinot Grigio Joy 2018, Castello di Spessa	8369
12	Verdicchio dei Castelli di Jesi Classico Superiore Massaccio 2017, Tenute San Sisto	8181
13	Collio Pinot Bianco Santarosa 2018, Castello di Spessa	8095
14	Castelli di Jesi Verdicchio Rserva Classico San Sisto 2016, Tenute San Sisto	8062
15	Collio Friulano Rassauer 2018, Castello di Spessa	8036